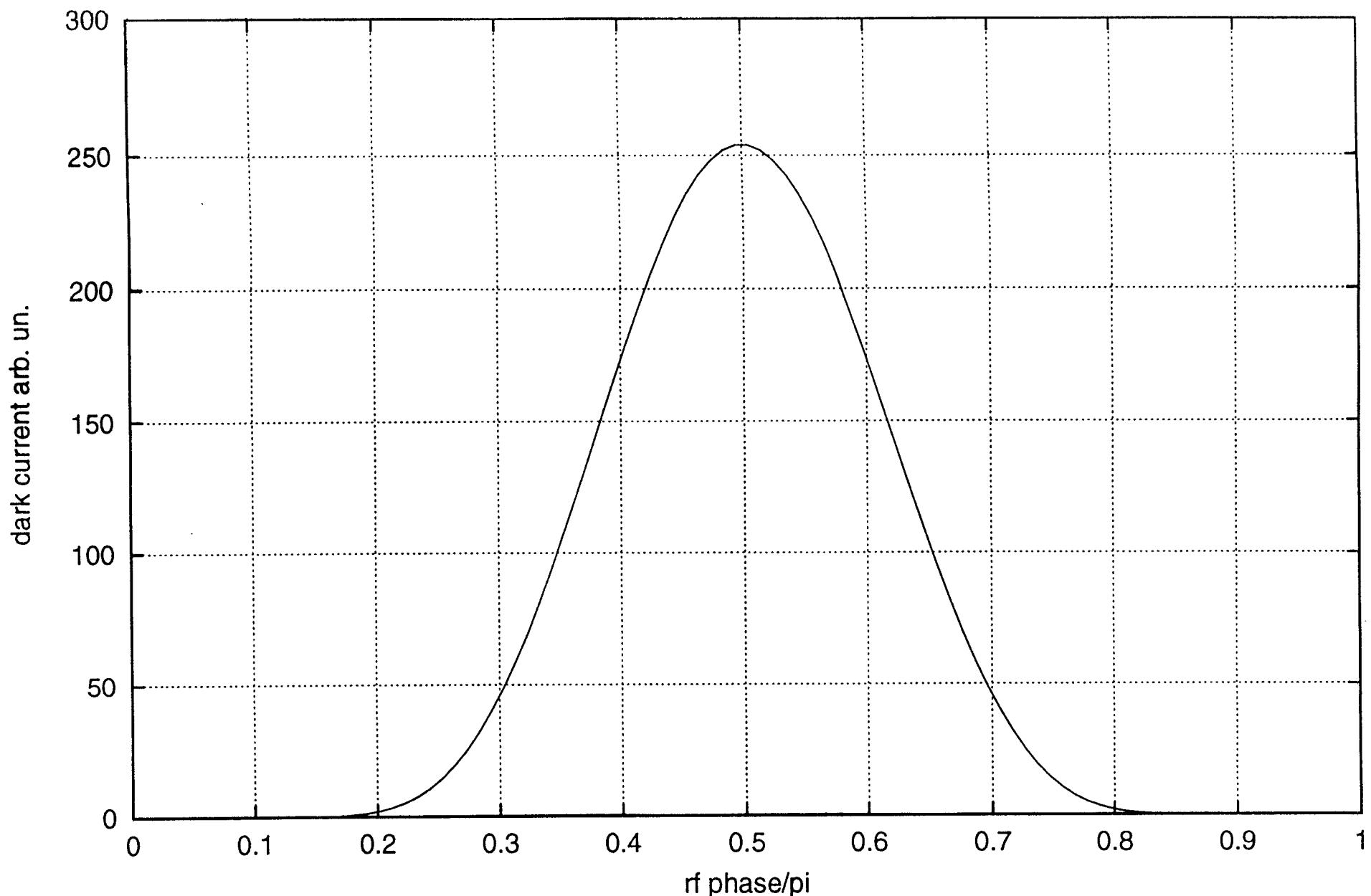


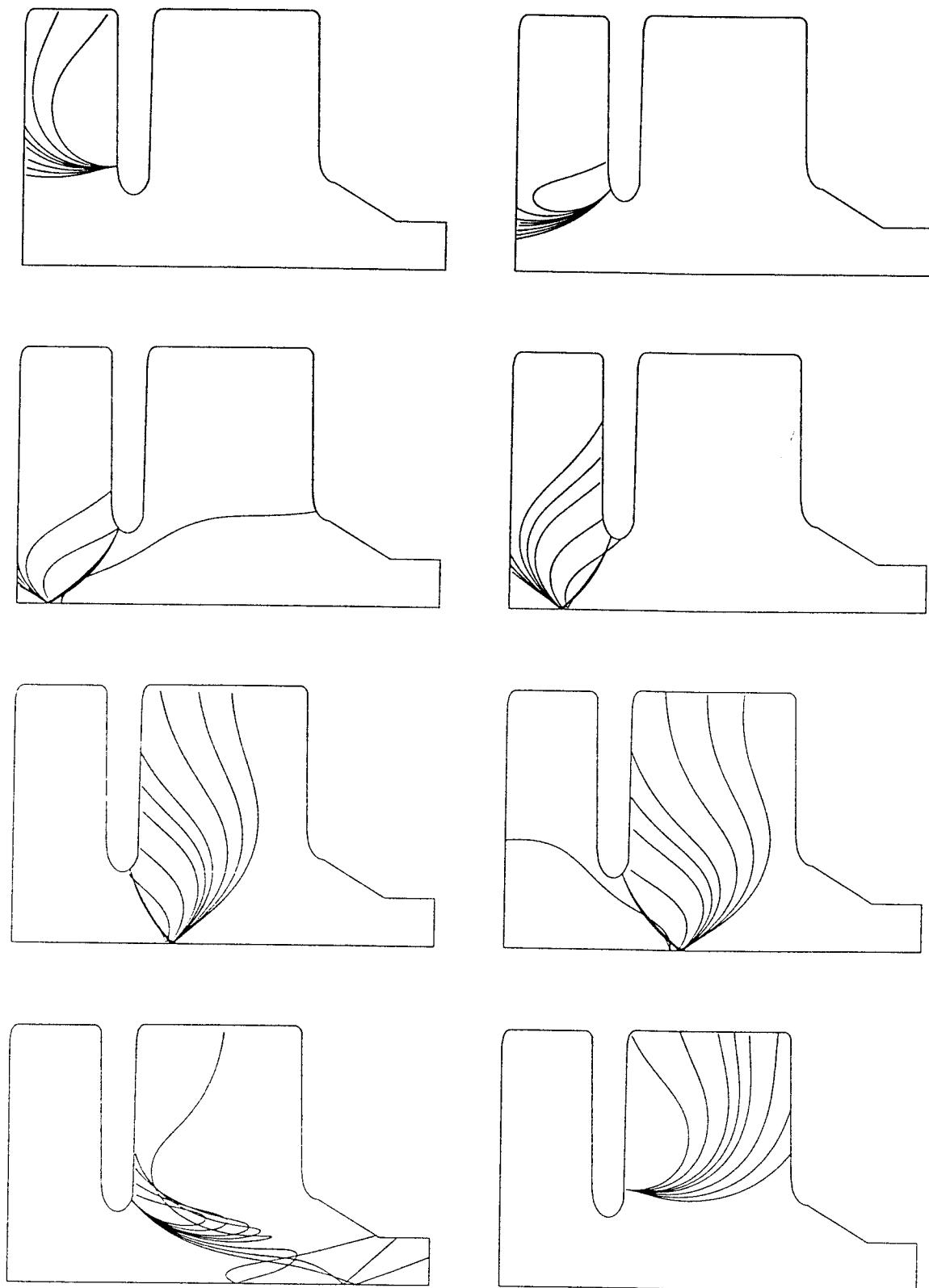
Fowler-Nordheim

$$I \propto \beta^2 E^2 \exp\left[\frac{-c}{\beta E}\right]$$

$$E = E_0 \cdot \sin(\omega t)$$

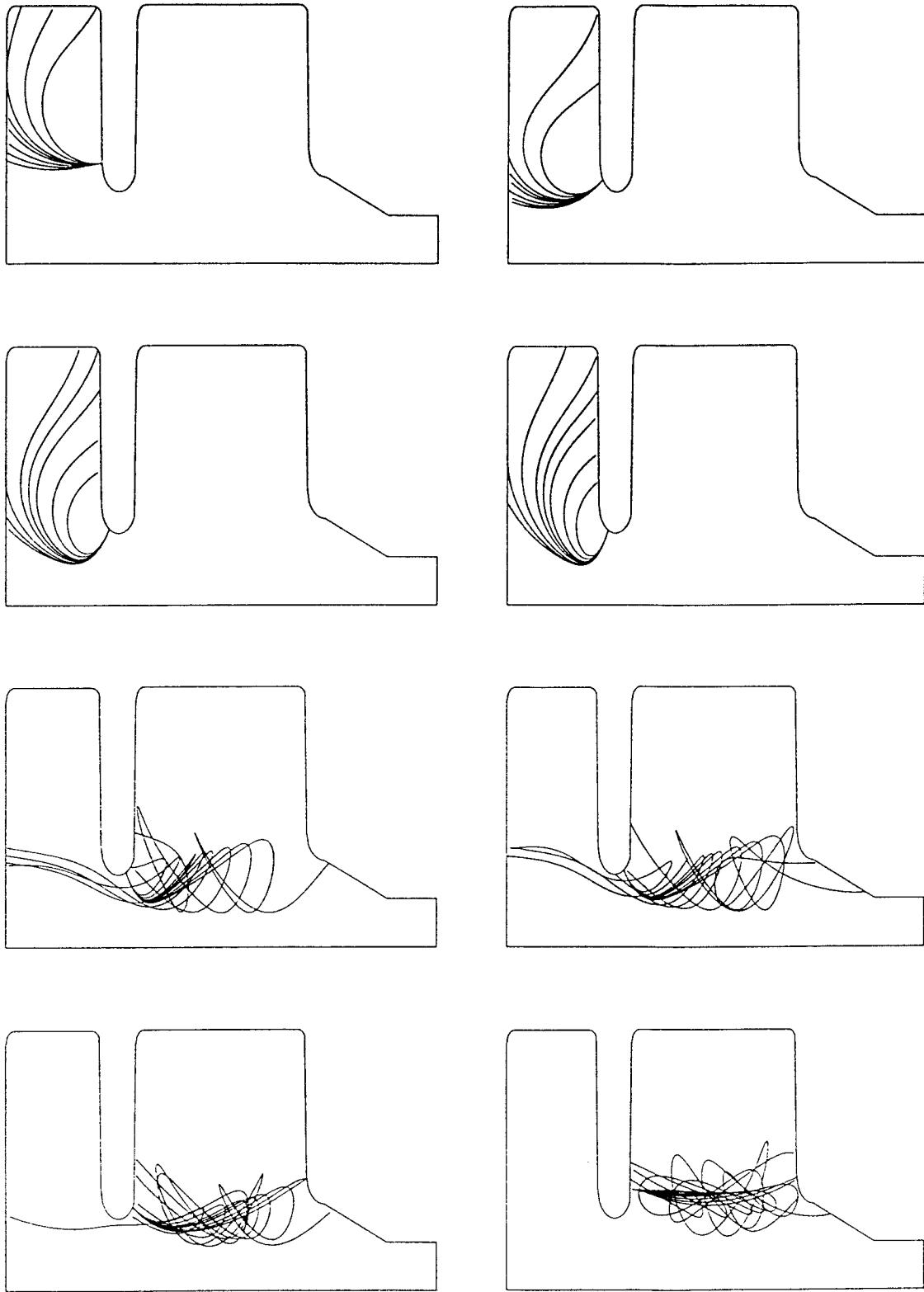
Fowler-Nordheim dark current vs rf phase





rfgun 301 Oct 28 17:07

Figure 2 Dark current emission from the middle iris of the rf gun. Gradient at the cathode: 40 MV/m, Solenoid off.



rfgun 001 Oct 28 17:04

Figure 3 Dark current emission from the middle iris of the rf gun. Gradient at the cathode: 40MV/m, Solenoid on $Bz_{max} = 0.18$ T.

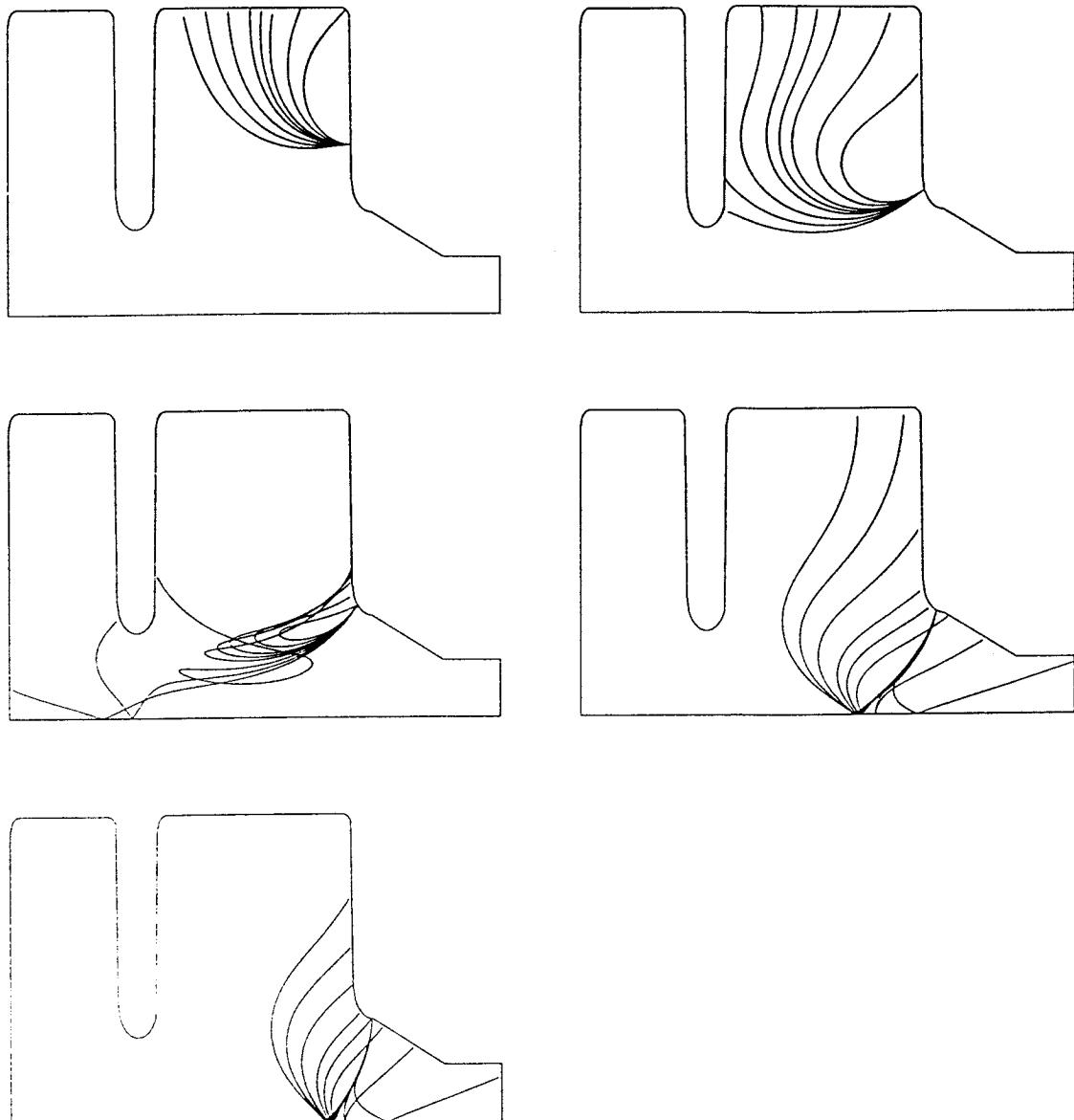


Figure 001 Oct 29 09:53

Figure 4 Dark current emission from the exit cell of the rf gun. Gradient at the cathode: 40 MV/m, Solenoid off.

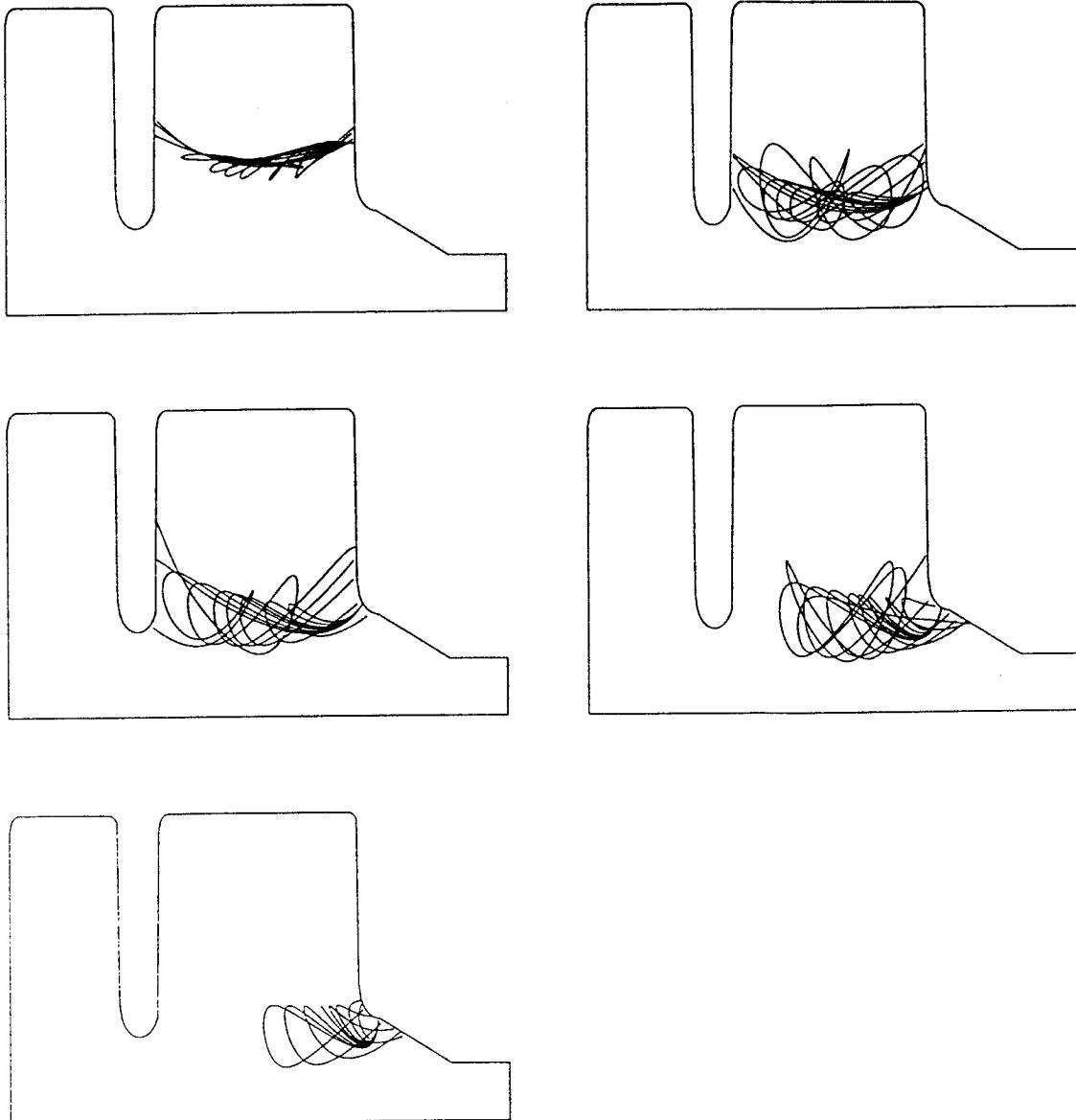
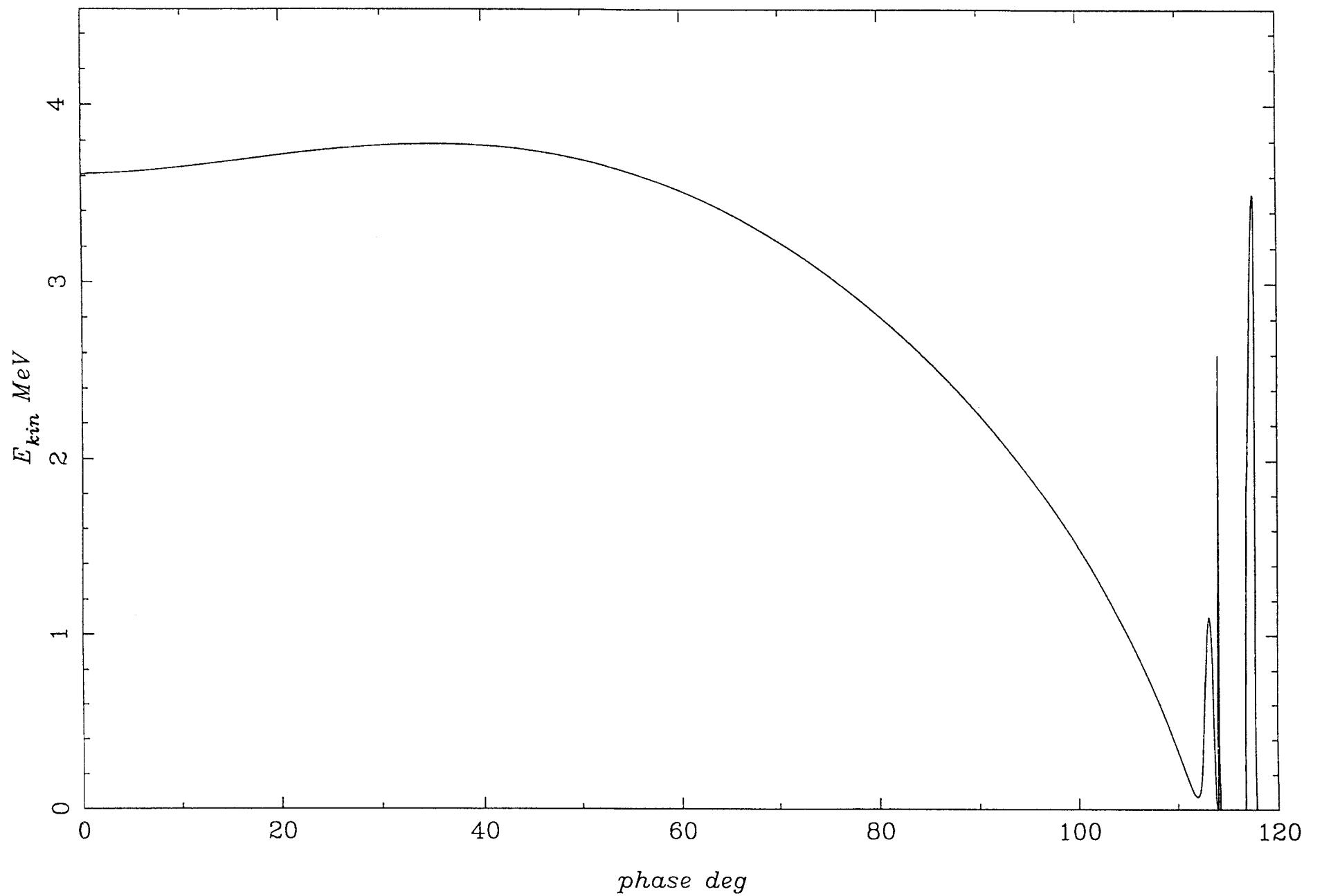


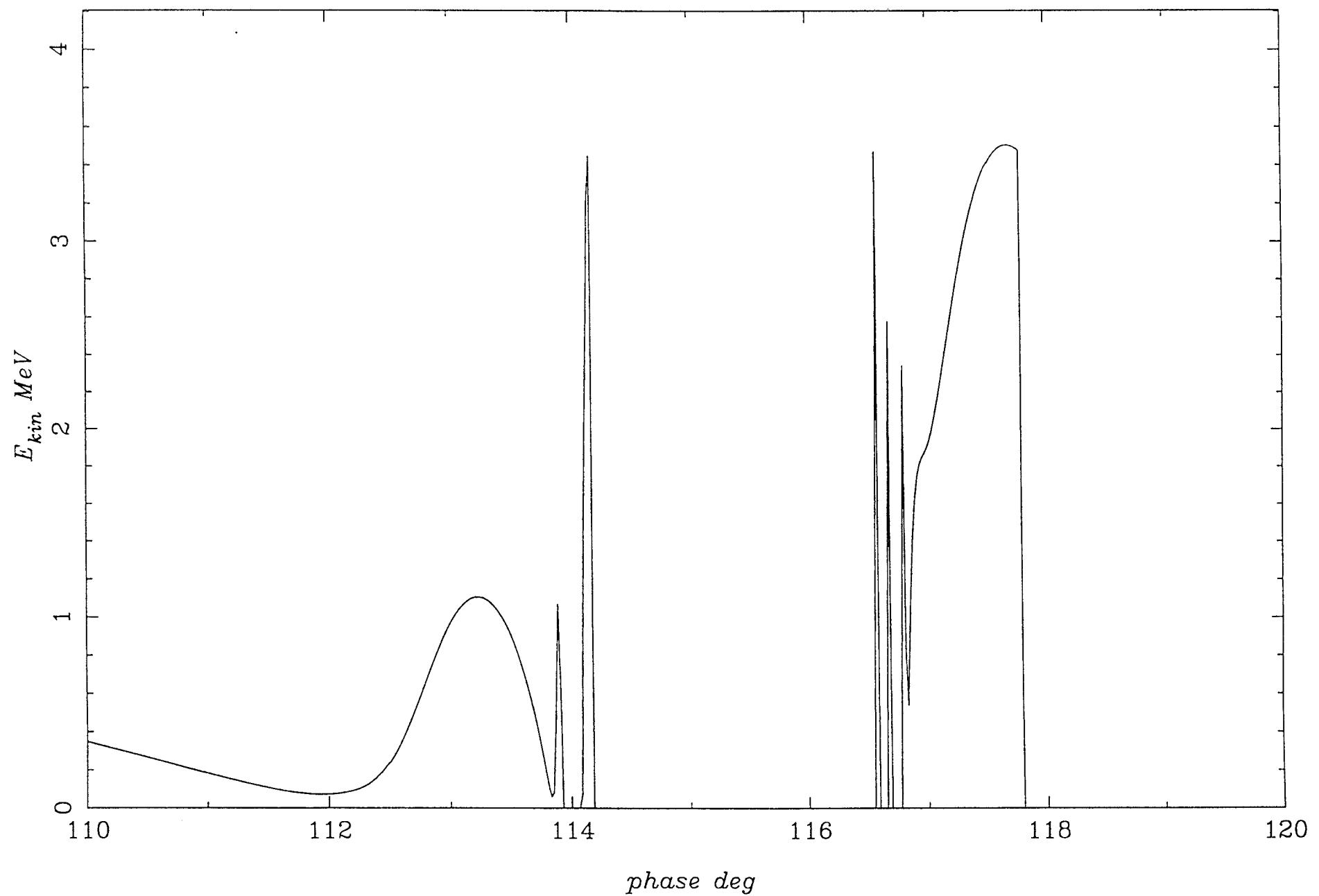
Figure 5 Dark current emission from the exit iris of the rf gun. Gradient at the cathode: 40 MV/m, Solenoid on $Bz_{max}=0.18$ T.

Figure 001 Oct 29 13:10

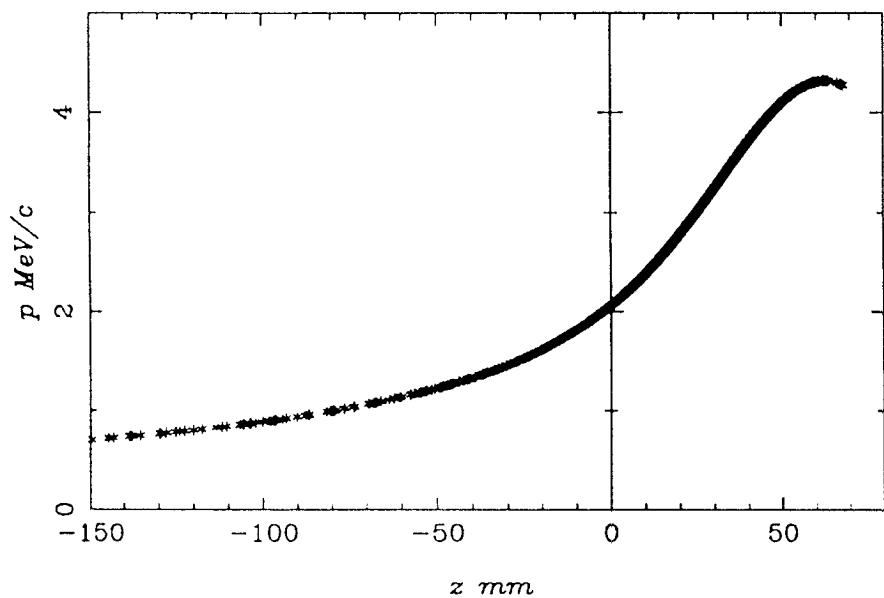
Energy vs. Phase



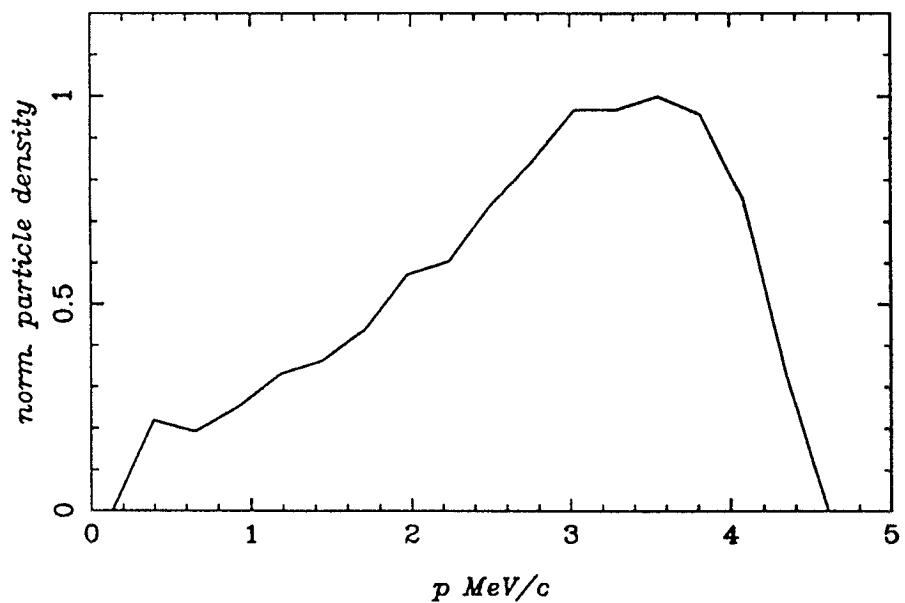
Energy vs. Phase



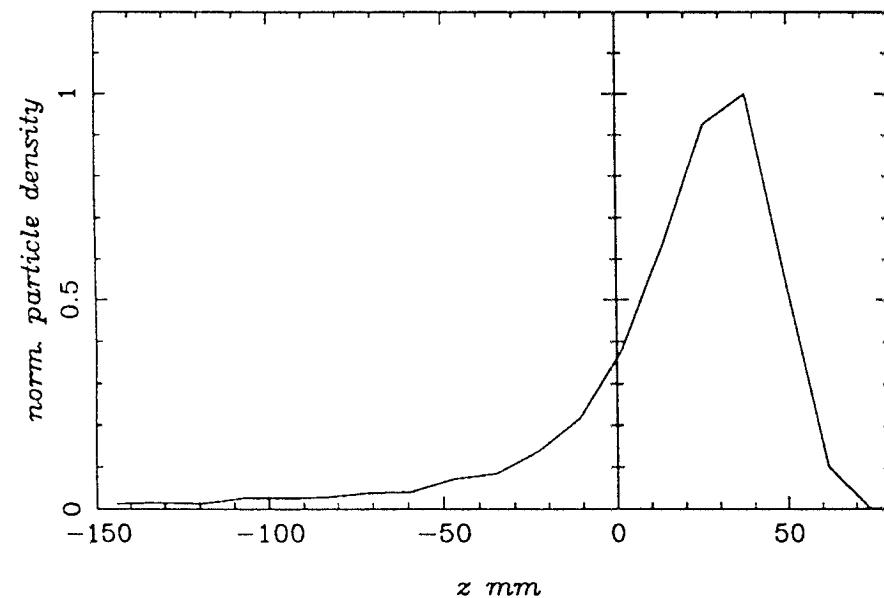
Longitudinal Phase-Space



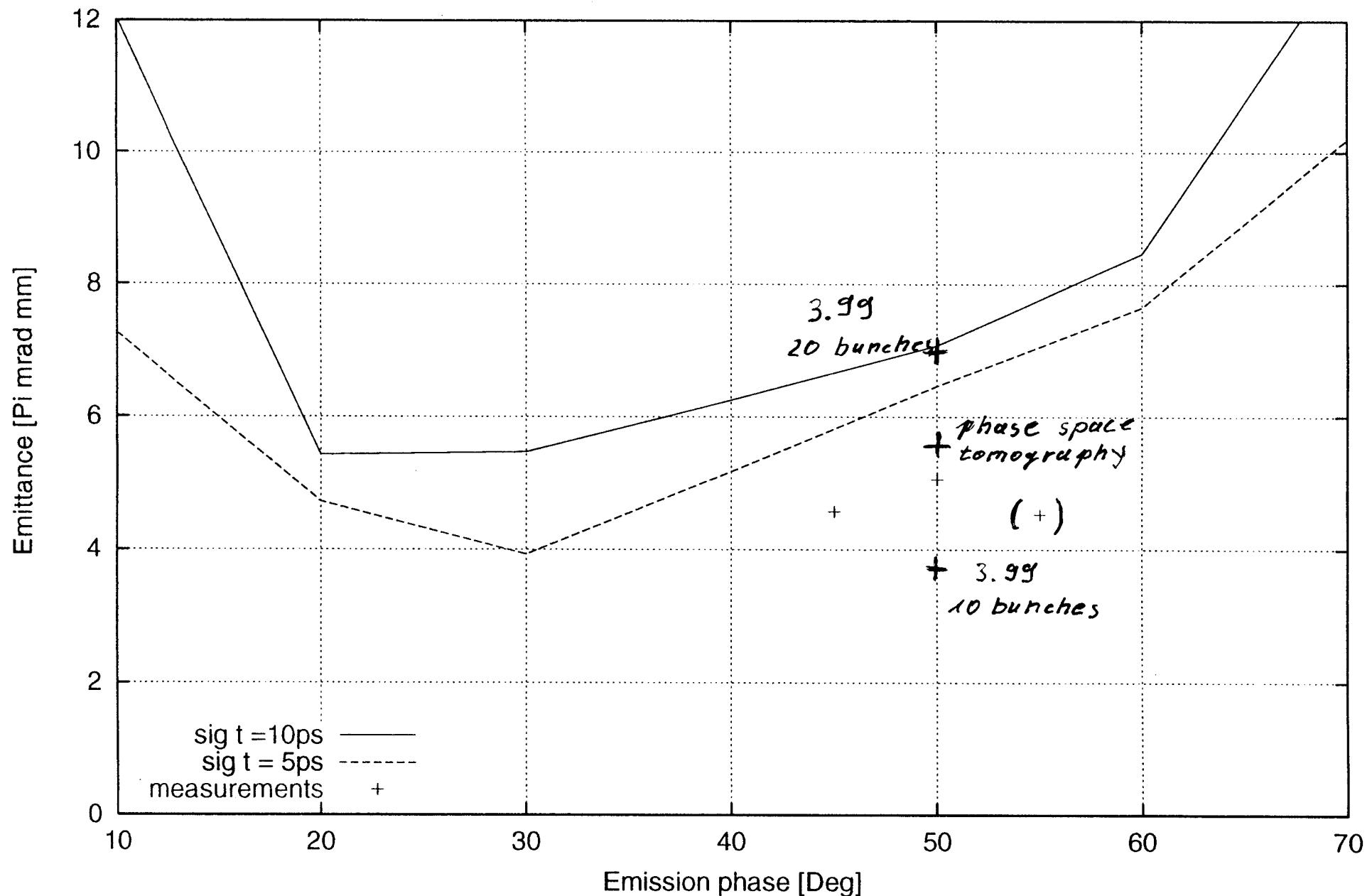
Momentum Spread

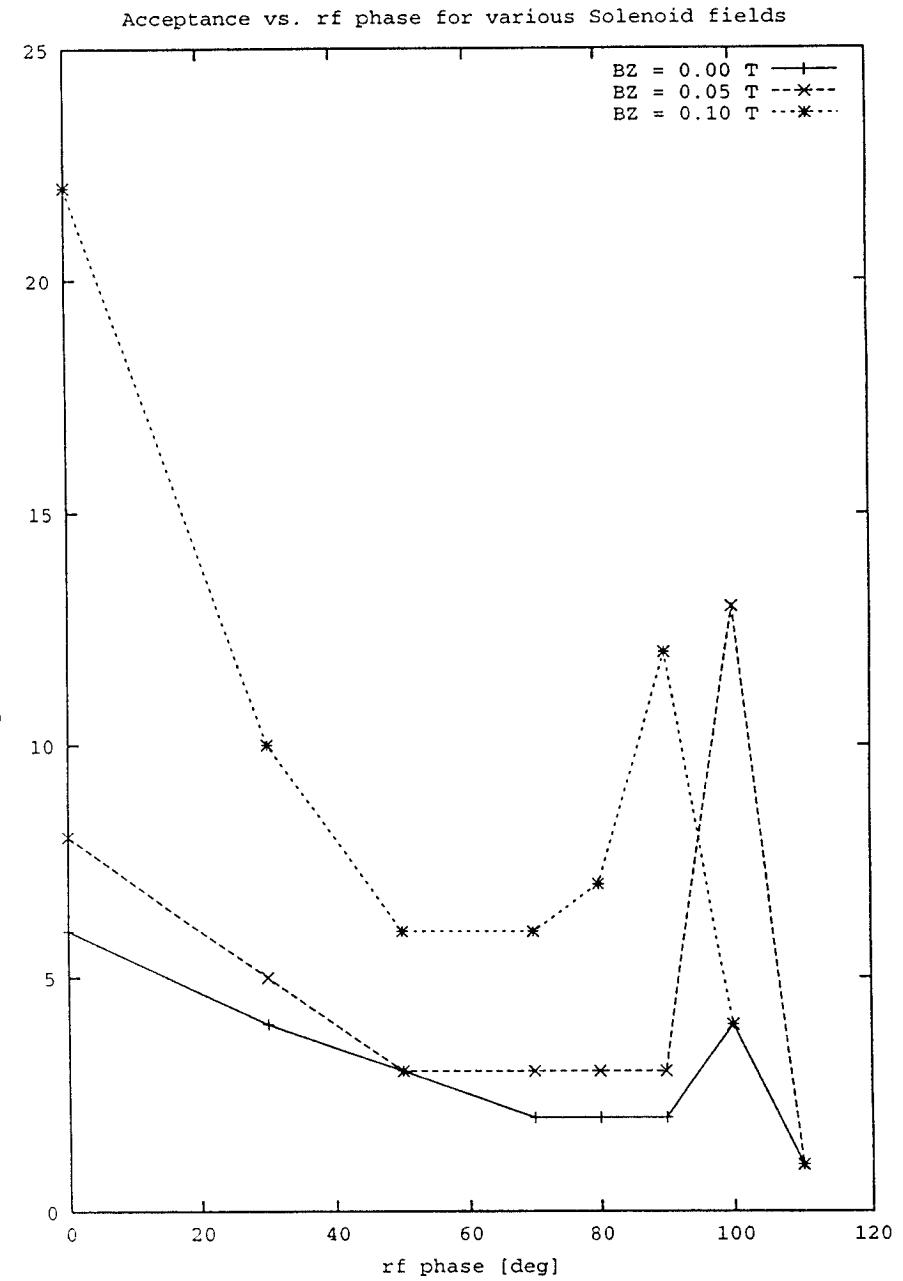
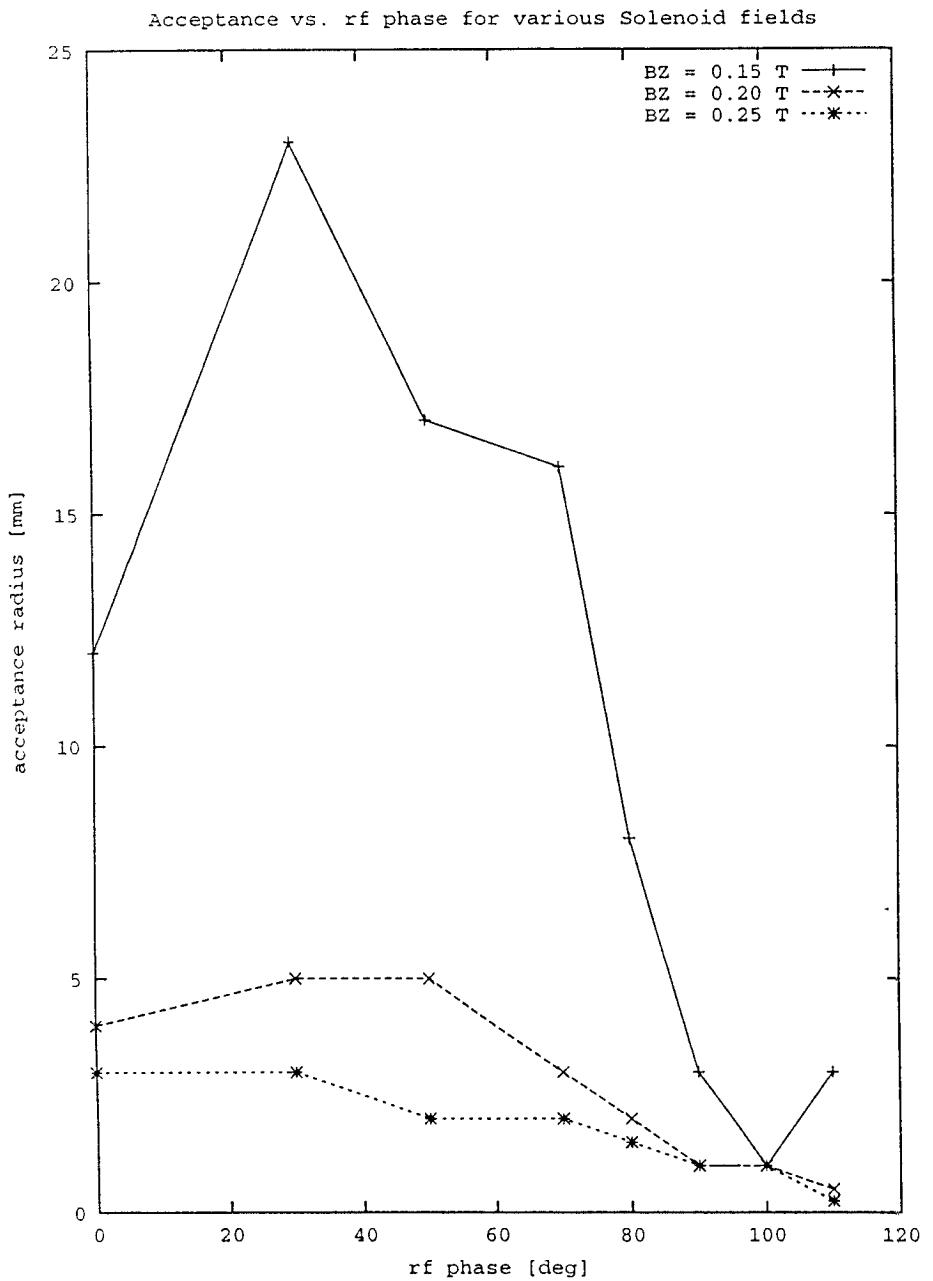


Longitudinal Distribution

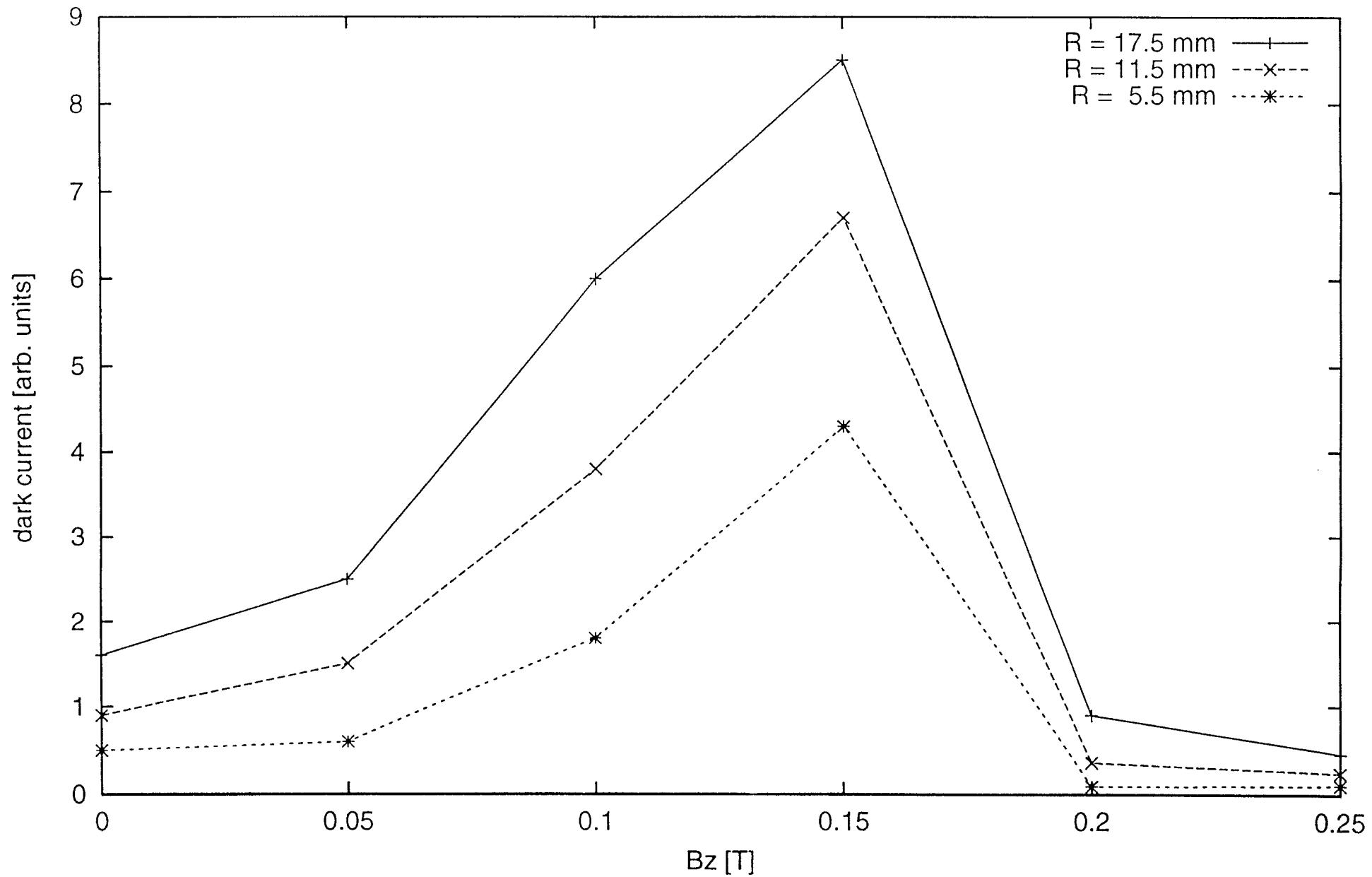


Emittance vs. emission phase ($I_1=165A$, $I_2=90A$)

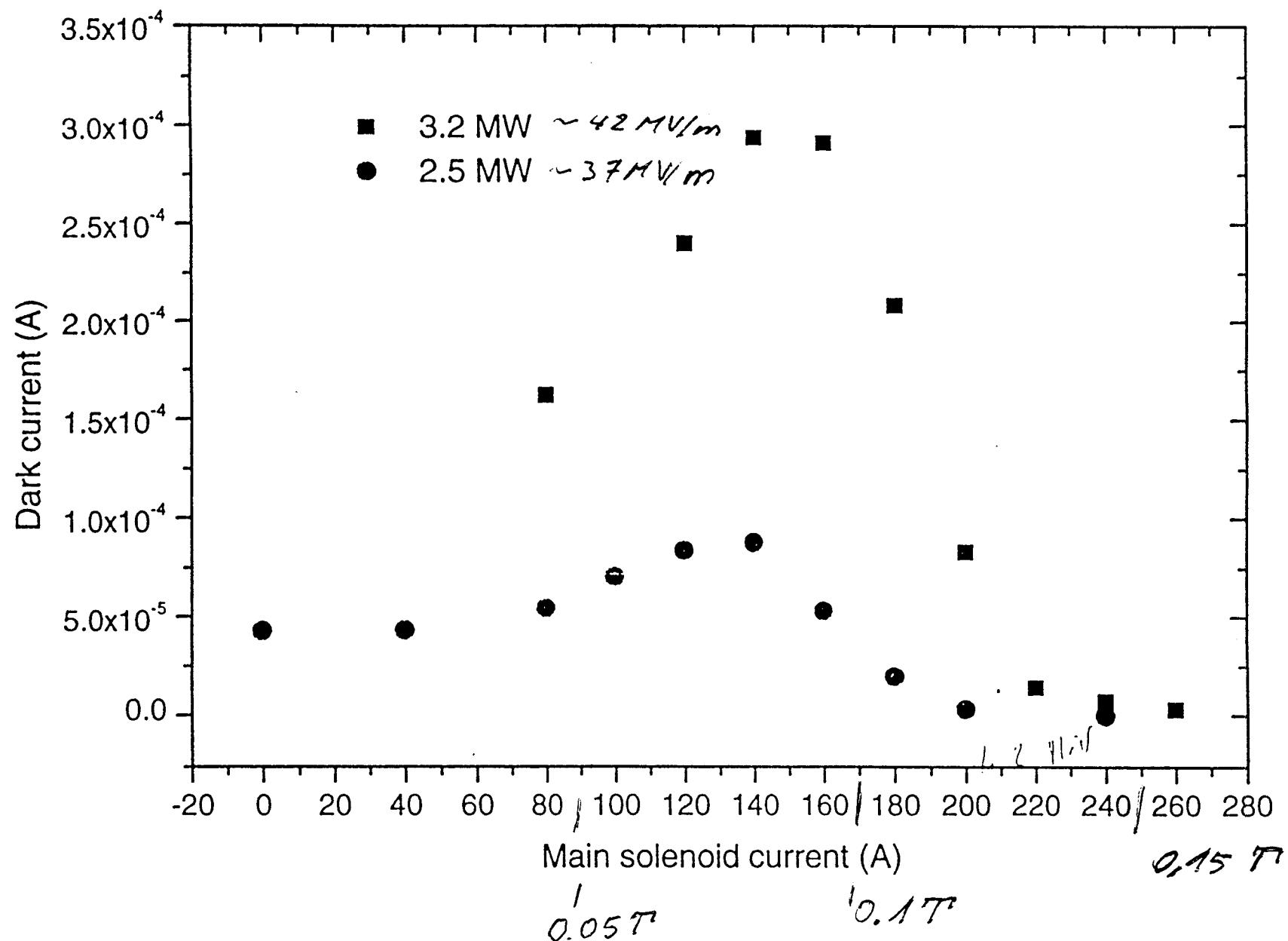




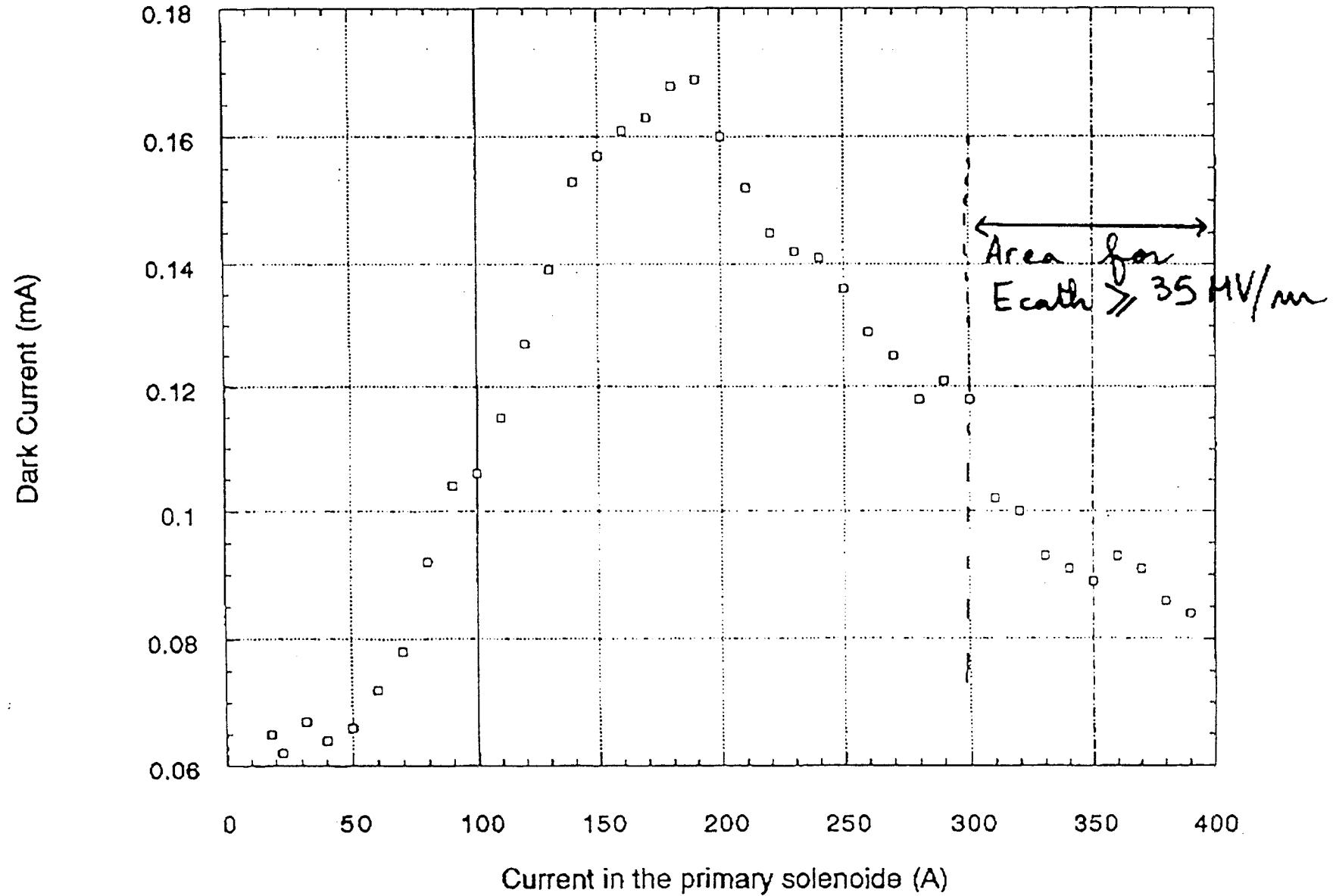
Dark current vs Solenoid field for different aperture radii



Dark current vs. solenoid field



Focussing of the dark current in the faraday cup with the secondary solenoid
 $I_{sec}=0A$, $I_{trm}=0A$, $P_1=2.5$ MW, $E_{cathode}=37$ MV/m



Focussing of the dark current in the faraday cup with the secondary solenoid
 $I_{trim}=0A$, $P_1=2.5MW$, $E_{cathode}=37MV/m$

